

Welcome and Introduction







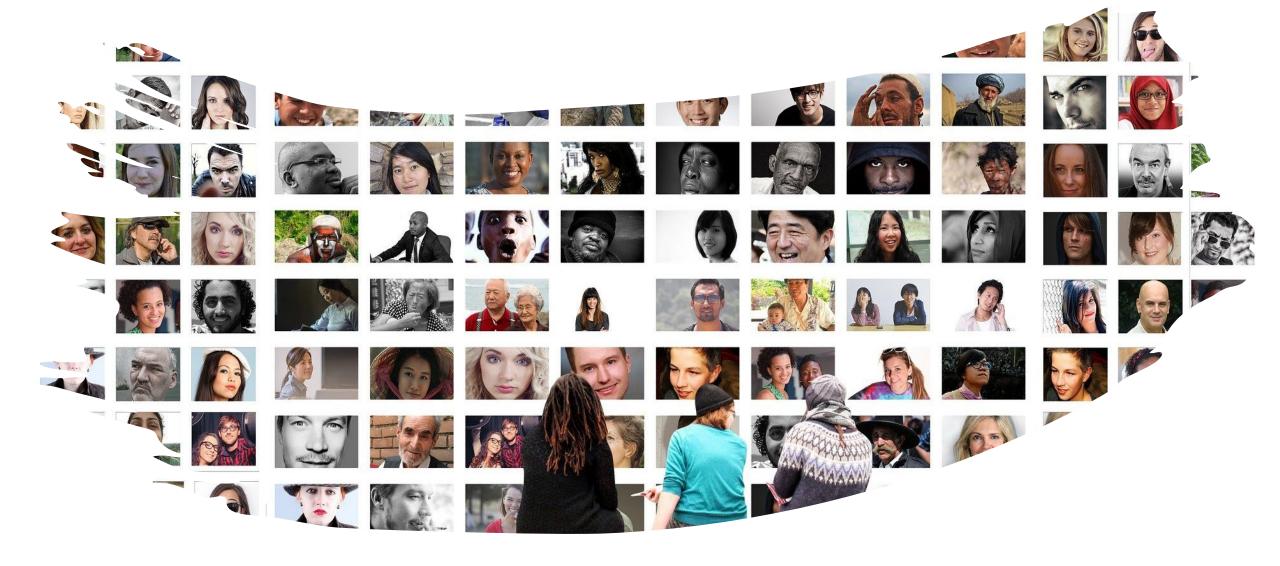


Formal Welcome Marija Pavlović Bolf

Paul - Orientra Meet the Trainer







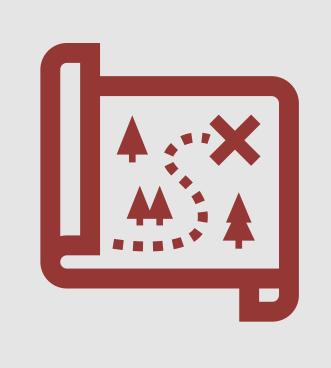
Meet the Room (C-19)

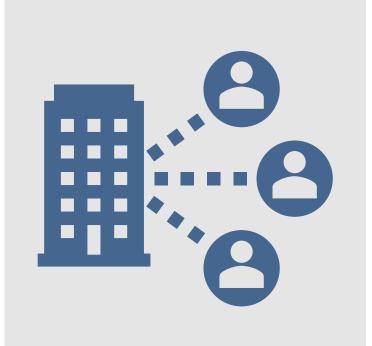
Meet the Room (IRL)





Similarities





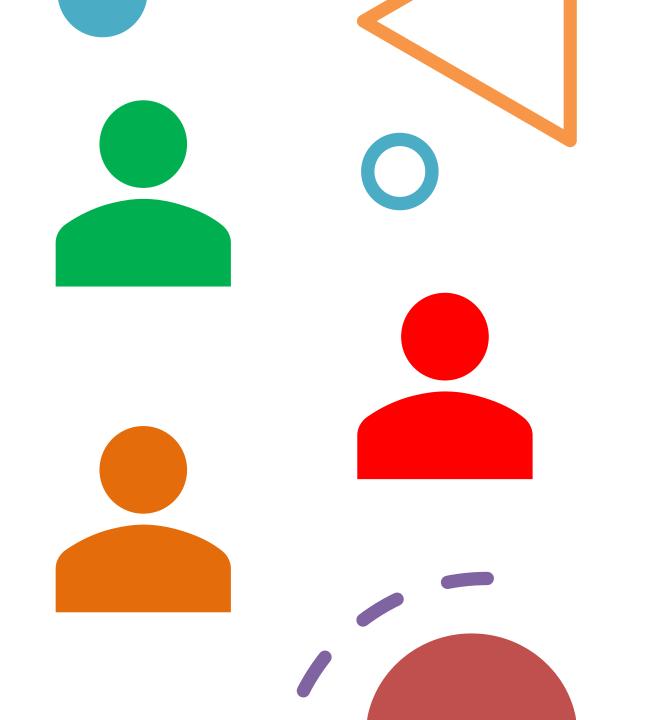
1. Somebody living in your CITY or REGION

2. Somebody who used the same TRANSPORT TYPE to get here

(form groups of 2, 3 or more persons)

Differences





CONFIDENCE AND FAMILIARITY WITH ERASMUS+ MOBILITY

GREEN

Easy; Let's do it!

ORANGE

Familiar but not always confident.

RED

What is Erasmus+



Learning Outcomes

By the end of this WORKSHOP, you will be able to:

- 1. DEMONSTRATE UNDERSTANDING of the expectations for Erasmus+ accreditation for mobility in the field of school education.
- 2. DIFFERENTIATE between objectives, activities, quality standards and impact expectations in Erasmus+ mobility.
- 3. BETTER COMMUNICATE your internationalisation plans and strategies especially those relating to pupil and staff mobility.









Active Participation Required

Erasmus+ Programme and Context





Panoramic View





"to support, through lifelong learning, the educational, professional and personal development of people in education, training, youth and sport, in Europe and beyond, thereby contributing to sustainable growth, quality jobs and social cohesion, to driving innovation, and to strengthening European identity and active citizenship"

Erasmus+ v2.0

Contributes to the Achievement of Higher-level Policy Objectives and Priorities

General Objective



Erasmus+ v2.0

Access and Inclusion
Green Transition
Digital Transformation
Democratic Participation
plus Resilience and Recovery
plus Responsiveness

Horizontal Objectives



KEY ACTION 1:

Learning Mobility of Individuals

KEY ACTION 2:

Cooperation among Organisations and Institutions

KEY ACTION 3:

Support to Policy Development and Cooperation

ANNUAL Calls for Proposals for each year of the Programme.

PHASED, SINGLE and MULTIPLE deadlines for different actions.

EXTRAORDINARY or COMPLEMENTARY Calls can also be released (e.g. response to Covid-19; European Universities).



Previously:

Programme and Partner Countries

Now:

EU Member States and Third Countries Associated (or not) to the Programme

Erasmus+

... Associated or Not





THIRD COUNTRIES NOT ASSOCIATED TO THE ERASMUS+ PROGRAMME (2023)



- Region 1: Western Balkans (e.g. Albania, Kosovo, Montenegro)
- Region 2: Neighbourhood East (e.g. Armenia, Azerbaijan, Belarus)
- Region 3: South Mediterranean Countries (e.g. Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, Tunisia)
- Region 4: Territory of Russia as recognised by international law
- Region 5: Asia (e.g. Bangladesh, China, Malaysia, Pakistan)
- Region 6: Central Asia (e.g. Afghanistan, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan)
- Region 7: Middle East (e.g. Iran, Iraq, Yemen)
- Region 8: Pacific: (e.g. Australia, New Zealand, Papua New Guinea)
- Region 9: Sub-Saharan Africa (e.g. Botswana, Cabo Verde, Mozambique, Ghana).
- Region 10: Latin America (e.g. Argentina, Chile, Mexico, Venezuela)
- Region 11: Caribbean (e.g. Bahamas, Cuba, Jamaica, St Kitts and Nevis)
- Region 12: USA and Canada
- Region 13: Andorra, Monaco, San Marino, Vatican City State
- Region 14: Faroe Islands, Switzerland, United Kingdom

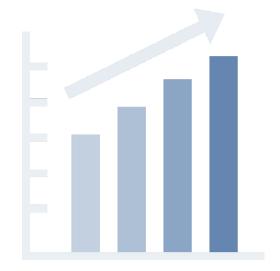


Overall Programme Budget of around €28 billion including €2 billion from EU external instruments

i previous programme budget was €14,7 billion

Budget increase from **€2,44 billion (2021) to €3,39 (2023)**

Erasmus+ ...increasing budgets





European Commission promotes the Erasmus+ programme and agrees budgets, priorities and targets for participation.

EACEA direct management approach, promoting specific funding actions as well as selecting, supporting and managing projects.

National Agencies indirect management approach, promoting specific funding actions as well as selecting, supporting and managing projects.

Erasmus+



European Education and Culture Executive Agency

...Key Agencies and Institutions









Key Action 1	Key Action 2
Mobility for Learners and Staff in Adult Education (ADU)	Partnerships for Cooperation: CP (except European NGOs and Sport)
Mobility for Pupils and Staff in School Education (SCH)	◆ Partnerships for Cooperation: SSP (except European NGOs and Sport; not HED)
☼ Mobility for Learners and Staff in Vocational Education and Training (VET)	
☼ Mobility of Staff in the Field of Sport (SPO)	
Learning Mobility in the Field of Youth (YOU) including Youth Participation Activities and DiscoverEU	
Mobility for Higher Education (HED) Students and Staff, including Blended Intensive Programmes and Mobility to non-associated Third Countries	

Introducing Key Action 1







Lots of Entry Points for Key Action 1

It's a bit like Bingo!





Seek Accreditation



Use Accreditation



Non-Accredited: short-term or specialised mobility

KEY

I = International (third country): VET only

C = Consortium



Accreditation focus relies on a strategic, longer-term commitment from both sides.

Opportunity to embed mobility in institutional development strategies.

Erasmus accreditation

for the Programme's mobility action.

is like a membership card

Focus on continuous growth and improvement.

Periodic Reporting Requirement.



To be accredited, organisations need to create a plan to implement high-quality mobility activities and use them to improve their education and training offer. Once accredited, organisations can take advantage of the following benefits:

STABLE FUNDING

Your organisation can rely on the Programme to support you with funds for new mobility activities every year.



Erasmus accreditation lets

you define your own goals

and gives you the freedom to choose the speed at which you want to move. As you

progress, you can also update

your plan to keep it relevant.

Stable access to funding means you can focus on long-term goals. Mobility activities can be used to gradually raise the quality of teaching and learning in your organisation to new levels.



You can try new types of activities or collaborations with new partner organisations – without having to write a new application every time.







Strategic, Meaningful, Recognisable and Transferable learning through international mobility.

TWO TYPES OF ERASMUS ACCREDITATION

If you decide to apply for Erasmus accreditation, there are two options:



ERASMUS ACCREDITATION FOR INDIVIDUAL ORGANISATIONS

This is the standard option – your organisation applies to receive funding for its own staff or learners.

It is also possible to upgrade your individual accreditation to an accreditation for mobility consortium coordinators once you have gained some valuable experience!



ERASMUS ACCREDITATION FOR MOBILITY CONSORTIUM COORDINATORS

Accredited mobility consortium coordinators can take the lead of a group of organisations working on a joint plan and organising mobility activities abroad.

Your consortium members do not need to have Erasmus accreditation themselves, but they need to be from the same country as your organisation.



Not sure you want to apply? There are other options!

Erasmus accreditation is not obligatory. There are other ways to join the Programme. Here are some alternatives:

- · apply for a short Key Action 1 project
- · Join an existing mobility consortium
- host participants from a partner
- nost participants from a partne organisation abroad

Specific or additional assessment criteria for CONSORTIA with a focus on partner roles and profiles and added-value of collaboration.

Strategic planning and impact goals should apply to ALL CONSORTIUM MEMBERS.

Mobility flows will be considered against the SOZE OF THE CONSORTIUM.

Spring deadline focuses on short-term mobility for CONSORTIA. Autumn deadline focuses on accreditation of CONSORTIA.







Objectives of the Action: SCH

The purpose of ERASMUS+ KA1 MOBILITY activities is to provide learning opportunities to individuals and to support internationalisation and institutional development [...].

Specifically, the objectives of this action are:

Strengthening the European dimension of teaching and learning by:

- promoting values of inclusion and diversity, tolerance, and democratic participation;
- promoting knowledge about shared European heritage and diversity;
- supporting development of professional networks across Europe.

Increasing the quality of teaching and learning in school education by:

- supporting professional development of teachers, school leaders and other school staff;
- promoting the use of new technologies and innovative teaching methods;
- improving language learning and language diversity in schools;
- supporting the sharing and transfer of best practices in teaching and school development.

Contributing to the creation of the European Education Area by:

- building capacity of schools to engage in cross-border exchanges and cooperation, and carry out high quality mobility projects;
- * making learning mobility a realistic possibility for any pupil in school education;
- fostering recognition of learning outcomes of pupils and staff in mobility periods abroad.





CORE

1. Job Shadowing

2-60 days physical mobility

2. Teaching and Training Assignments

2-365 days physical mobility

3. Transnational Courses and Training

2-30 days physical mobility



MORE

4. Invited Experts

2-60 days physical mobility

5. Hosting Teachers and Trainers

10-365 days physical mobility; no TAS

6. Preparatory Visits (PVs)

maximum 3 participants per visit

Accompanying Persons are not the same as Staff Mobility



KA1-SCH

1. Group Mobility of School Pupils¹

2-30 days physical mobility

2. Short-term Mobility of Pupils
10-29 days physical mobility

3. Long-term Mobility of Pupils 30-365 days physical mobility



NOTE:

- → School-based Learning or Individual Traineeship
- → Enrolled Pupils Only
- → Minimum reduced to 2 days for Pupils with Fewer Opportunities
- → PVs for Learners with Additional Needs (exceptionally)

¹ teachers or other qualified education staff from the sending school must accompany pupils for the entire duration and guide the learning process; other adults may also act as accompanying persons

Grant Funding

Common rules and unit costs apply to mobility planning: only necessary when applying for specific mobility flows (not for accreditation).



Organisational Support

€200-€500 per learner depending on type/duration; €100-€350 per staff member; €1000 maximum for pupil group mobility

Travel and Individual Support Costs

based on distance travelled, country bands and unit costs (slightly higher rates for those adopting green travel means)

Inclusion Support

€100 per participant plus 100% of additional REAL costs

Preparatory Visits

€575 per participant / maximum 3 participants (2 for SPO)

Course Fees

€80 per day / maximum €800 per course

Linguistic Support

€150 per non-OLS participant / additional €150 for LTM participants

Exceptional Costs

financial guarantee and expensive travel costs (80% financing); visas and medical certificates (100% financing)

Assessment Criteria





Erasmus Accreditation in ADU, SCH and VET

RELEVANCE (10 Points)

The extent to which:

- ❖ applicant's profile, experience, activities and target population of learners are relevant for the field of the application, for Erasmus accreditation objectives and for the application type (individual institution or consortium).
- for consortium coordinators: profile of consortium members is relevant for the purpose and objectives of the consortium as defined in the application, for the field of the application and the objectives of Erasmus accreditations; consortium brings clear added-value for its members in terms of the objectives of Erasmus accreditations.

ERASMUS PLAN-OBJECTIVES (40 Points)

The extent to which:

- Erasmus Plan is in line with the **objectives** of Erasmus accreditations;
- ❖ Erasmus Plan objectives address the needs of the applicant, its staff and its learners in a clear and concrete way for consortium coordinators: Erasmus Plan objectives apply to the entire consortium and are coherent with the purpose of the consortium;
- Erasmus Plan objectives and timing are realistic and sufficiently ambitious to achieve a positive impact for the organisation/consortium;
- proposed measures for tracking and evaluating the progress of the Erasmus Plan objectives are appropriate and concrete
- ❖ if strategic documents are attached: there is a clear explanation of the link between the Erasmus Plan and the attached documents.



ERASMUS PLAN-ACTIVITIES (20 Points)

The extent to which:

- proposed number of participants in mobility activities is proportional to the applicant organisation's size and experience - for consortium coordinators, the size of the consortium will be taken into account;
- proposed number of participants in mobility activities is realistic and appropriate for the objectives set in the Erasmus Plan;
- profiles of planned participants are relevant to the field of the application, the proposed Erasmus Plan, and the objectives of Erasmus accreditations;
- where relevant and if the applicant is planning to organise mobility activities for learners: involvement of participants with fewer opportunities.

ERASMUS PLAN-MANAGEMENT (30 Points)

The extent to which:

- applicant has proposed concrete ways of contributing to the basic principles of the Erasmus accreditation described in the Erasmus quality standards;
- applicant has proposed a clear and complete allocation of tasks in line with the Erasmus quality standards;
- applicant has allocated appropriate resources to manage the programme activities in accordance with the Erasmus quality standards;
- appropriate involvement of the organisation's management
- appropriate measures defined to ensure continuity of programme activities in case of changes in staff or management;
- applicant has proposed concrete and logical steps to integrate the results of mobility activities in the organisation's regular work - for consortium coordinators, this applies to the entire consortium.



Activity 1: Groupwork





ACTIVITY 1: GROUPWORK

List Key
Development Goals
and Priorities



Map to Erasmus+



Develop Mobility
Objectives



Agree How to Measure Achievement

- READ INSTRUCTIONS
- USE FLIPCHART
- APPOINT RAPPORTEUR



ACTIVITY 1: EXAMPLES

- WHY: Improve pupil engagement levels in classroom;
- WHAT: Group mobility for 20 pupils to School in Spain;
- HOW: Satisfaction questionnaires for pupil participants.



- WHY: Improve pupil engagement with language learning;
- WHAT: Group mobility for 20 Spanish-class pupils to a School in Spain where they can communicate first hand with local students and experience local customs and cultures;
- HOW: Satisfaction questionnaires for all participants (including host institution) plus testimonies from pupils.

Coffee Break





Erasmus+
Mobility
Objectives
(what and why)

Goals and Priorities

Measuring Achievement

Activity 2: Groupwork





ACTIVITY 2: KEY ACTIONS

- Name 3 actions or steps that are important to include when planning a future mobility programme?
- List each action on a separate POST-IT NOTE and bring forward when invited
- Actions should relate to planning, delivery and follow-up of mobility (i.e. not actions that individual pupils will undertake)



Key Mobility Actions-Steps

Before Mobility

- Establish Partnership
- Prepare Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)
- Identify Learning Targets / Learning Outcomes (LOs)
- Discuss Assessment
- Agree How to Document and Recognise Achievement
- Prepare Learners
- Inform Key Stakeholders
- Sign Learning Agreement

During Mobility

- Provide Learning Activities
- Monitor and Support (Accompanying Persons; Onsite Hosts)
- Carry Out Assessment
- Document Achievement Personal Transcript (e.g.
 Europass Mobility)

After Mobility

- Validate, Verify and/or Recognise Learning
 Achievement / Outcomes
- Evaluate and Review
 Processes and Results
- Promote Mobility
 Successes (internal;
 external)

Erasmus+ Quality Standards for KA1 Mobility in ADU-SCH-VET¹

BASIC PRINCIPLES

inclusion and diversity; environmental sustainability and responsibility; digital education (including virtual cooperation and blended mobility); active participation in Erasmus+ networks.

GOOD MANAGEMENT AND MOBILITY

ownership of mobility (not outsourced); transparent roles for third parties; proportional partner contributions (not-for-profit model); integration of results; developing institutional capacity; regular encoding of mobility data; gathering and use of participant feedback.

CONSORTIUM COORDINATORS

clear allocation of tasks and funding; joint decision-making; sharing of experiences and results; active involvement of all partners in selection and engagement of host organisations.

QUALITY AND SUPPORT TO PARTICIPANTS

practical arrangements and support (TAS; logistics; visas); open, fair and transparent selection; health and safety; preparation; language support; learning outcomes, assessment and recognition; monitoring and mentoring.

SHARING RESULTS AND KNOWLEDGE

sharing results among partners and others; acknowledging EU financing.

¹ similar to the principles adopted by ECHE recipients



ACTIVITY 2: GROUPWORK

List Mobility Actions and Steps



Agree Roles and Responsibilities



Consider Quality
Standards and
Basic Principles



Recap and Review

- READ INSTRUCTIONS
- USE FLIPCHART
- APPOINT RAPPORTEUR





Activity 3: Groupwork





ACTIVITY 3: KEY ACTORS

- Beyond the organising team and direct participants in mobility programmes, which other stakeholders are important to consider in the planning and delivery of Erasmus+ mobility?
- Consider internal and external stakeholders
- List each stakeholder group on a separate POST-IT NOTE and bring forward when invited



ACTIVITY 3: GROUPWORK

Internal
Stakeholders:
Requirements,
Benefits, Challenges



External
Stakeholders:
Requirements,
Benefits, Challenges



Mobility Flows and Forecasts



Recap and Review

- READ INSTRUCTIONS
- USE FLIPCHART
- APPOINT RAPPORTEUR



Erasmus Accreditation in ADU, SCH and VET

REMINDER

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Open Questions





Thank you for listening







in www.linkedin.com/in/orientra-guest